



Challenges in Analyzing 7 Hormones in Drinking Water System Using Automated Extractor and LC/MS/MS

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Overview

- ❖ Hormones - from both natural and artificial sources
- ❖ Hormones in water - impact the environment and aquatic life and can be harmful to human.
- ❖ Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR3) EPA Method 539 - monitoring seven hormones in large drinking water systems from 2013-2015.

❖ EPA 539 target list:

Estriol

Estrone

Estradiol

Ethynylestradiol

Equilin

Androstenedione

Testosterone

- ❖ Estriol, Estrone and Estradiol – female estrogen
- ❖ Testosterone , Androstenedione – male hormone

EPA 539 – UCMR3

Method Reporting Limit (MRL)

<u>LIMS ID</u>		<u>MRL(ppt)</u>
ESTRIO	Estriol	0.80
bESTRA	Estradiol	0.40
aETEST	Ethinylestradiol	0.90
TESTOR	Testosterone	0.10
ESTRON	Estrone	2.00
ANDRST	Androstenedione	0.30
EQUILN	Equilin	4.00

EPA 539 – Sample Collection, Preservation & Handling

- ❖ Wear Nitrile Gloves
- ❖ Preservative:
 - Sodium Thiosulfate: 80mg/L -- Removes free Chlorine
 - 2-mercaptopyridine-1-oxide: 65mg/L -- Microbial inhibitor
- ❖ A Field Reagent Blank must be handled along with each sample site.
- ❖ Store at or below 6⁰C and protect from light until analysis.

EPA 539 – Sample Preparation

❖ Solid Phase Extraction (SPE)

- HORIZON automated extraction system
- SPE Disk – 47mm, Octadecyl (C18) sorbent phase

❖ 1000-mL sample volume

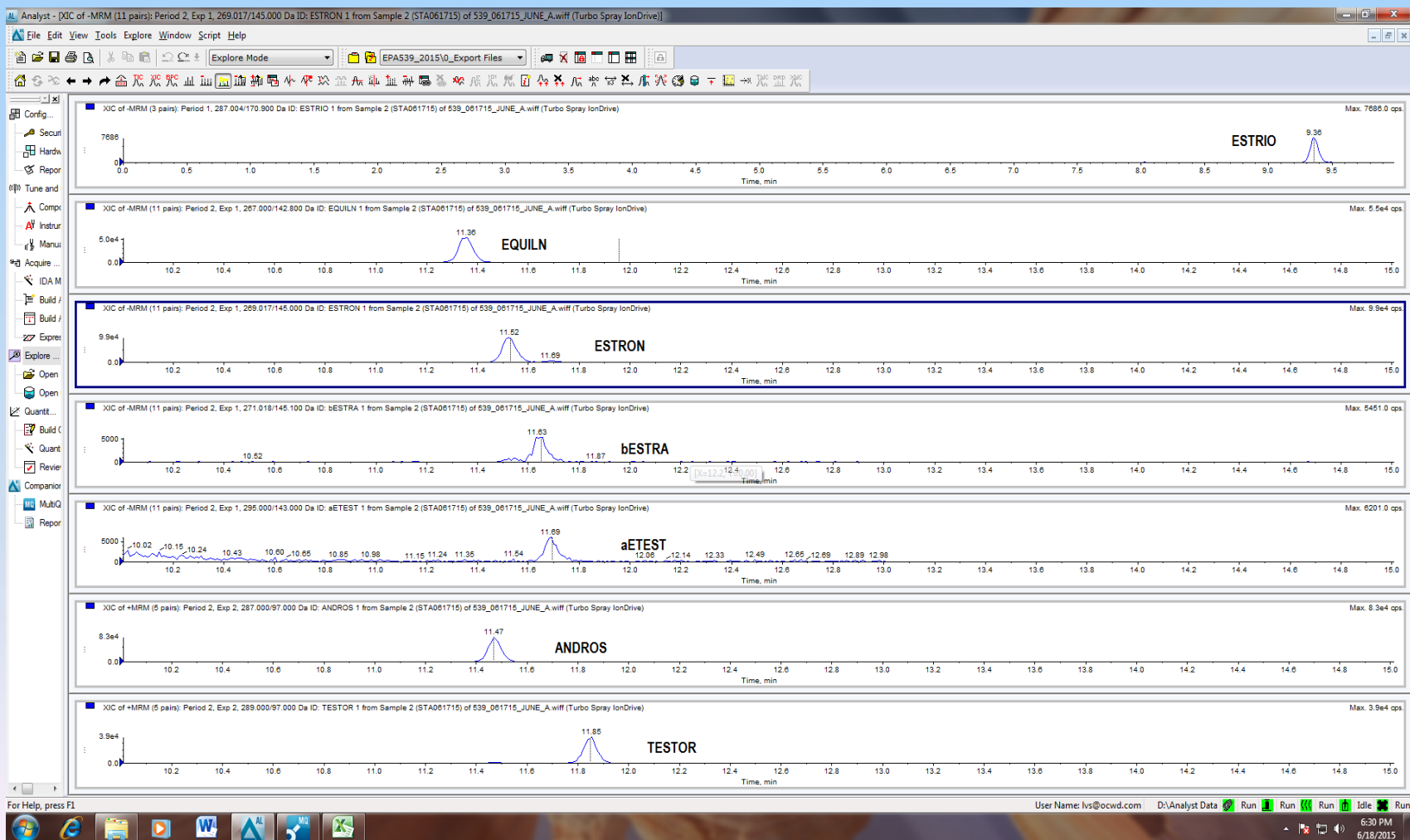
❖ Concentrate to dryness then reconstitute with 50:50 methanol:water

EPA 539 - Analytical Method

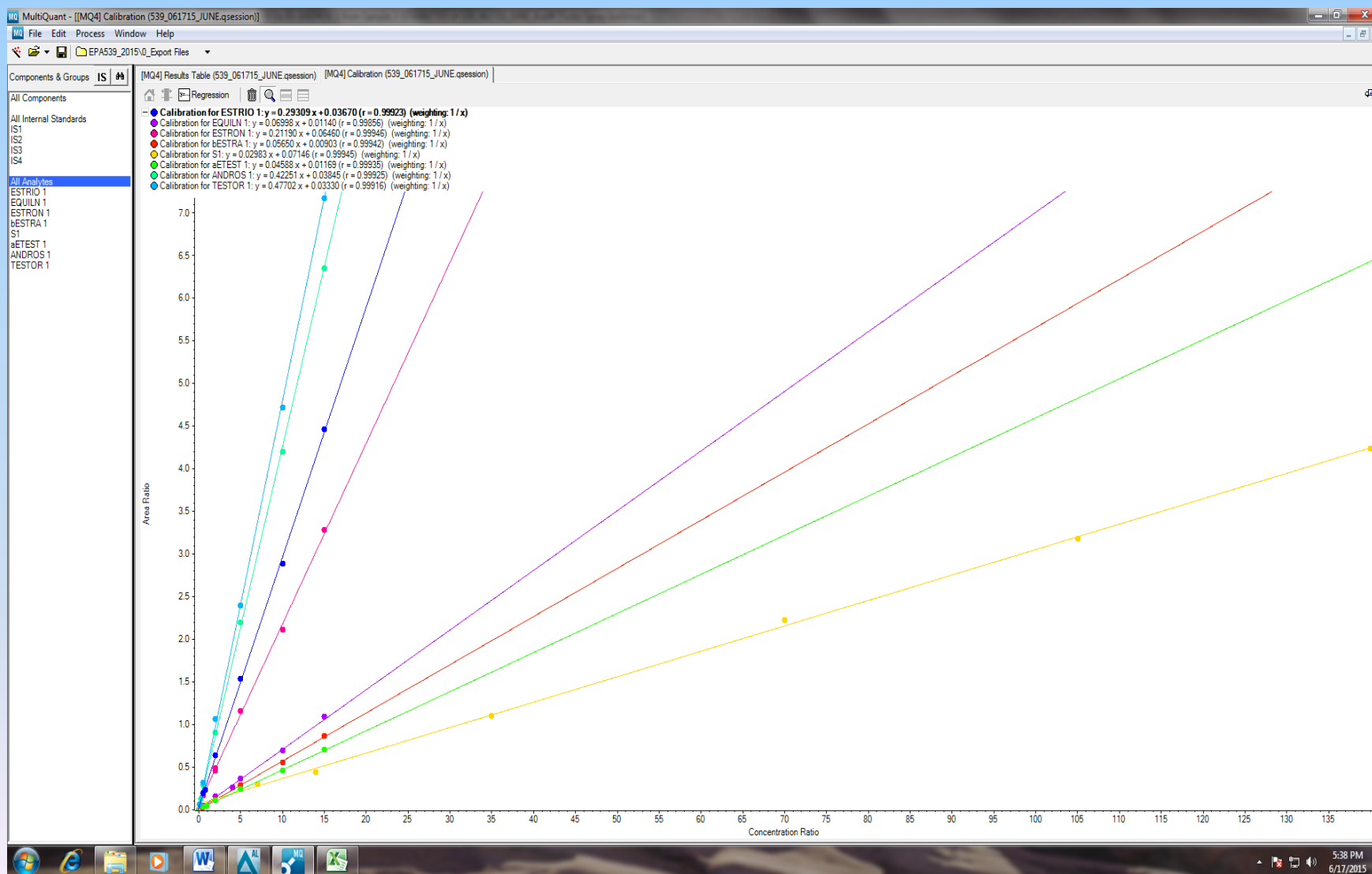
- ❖ C18 Column – Phenomenex Kinetex C18 (100 x 2.1mm, 5um)
- ❖ Mobile Phases –
 - 0.2% Ammonium Hydroxide in HPLC water
 - 0.2% Ammonium Hydroxide in LCMS grade methanol
- ❖ 10 μ L injection volume

EPA 539 - Analytical Method (con't)

❖ Analysis reduce to 15 min from 50 min (EPA method) to increase productivity



EPA 539 - Calibration Curves



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Method Development Challenges

- ❖ Low MRL requires by UCMR3 program
- ❖ Require MS to analyze in both positive and negative modes and to get maximum sensitivity

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Method Development Challenges

Manual Extraction

❖ Pro

- Less water in the extract
- Less time to concentrate the extract to dryness ~ 45min to 1hour

❖ Con

- Low % recovery for Quality Control (QC) samples – could not meet UCMR3 requirements
- Inconsistency in results
- Re-extract samples increase the cost

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Method Development Challenges

Horizon Automated Extractors

❖ Pro

- Excellent % recovery for QCs – meet UMCR3 criteria requirement
- Consistency in results
- Reduce human errors

❖ Con

- Require longer time to concentrate the extract to dryness
 - 2 hour to 3 hours

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Method Development Challenges

Stock standards

- ❖ Could not get the MRL level custom mix standard at the beginning of the program
- ❖ Stock concentrations between two vendors do not match - needs a third vendor to confirm the standard concentration

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Method Development Challenges

Stock standards

- Occasionally - same vendor, same concentration but different lot –does not match
- Working standards – needs to make monthly

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Method Development Challenges

Extract concentration

- Require time to optimize the temperature and pressure setting of the Turbo Vap Concentrator to achieve the acceptable % recovery
- Problematic compounds - Estriol, Ethynylestradiol – most of the time their % recoveries are below 85%

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Method Development Challenges

Extract concentration

- Require from 2.0 to 3.0 hours to concentrate the extract to dryness
- Cross contamination in the reagent blank that greater than 1/3 of MRL concentration cause re-extraction of the whole batch of samples

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Method/Instrument Validation

- ❖ Took 6 months to bring EPA 539 online
- ❖ Performed and passed Initial Demonstration of Capability (IDC) - validate analytical method and LC/MS/MS instrument.
- ❖ Participated and passed UCMR3 Proficiency Test Sample.

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UCMR3 Samples Analysis 2013-2015

- ❖ Has been analyzed UCMR3 samples since January 2013 – close to 200 samples
- ❖ Ground water – twice in a 12-month consecutive period – 2nd sample is 5 to 7 months from date of first samples
- ❖ Samples Results - Non Detect (ND) for all 7 hormone compounds

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UCMR3 Samples 2013-2015

Continuing challenges

Occasionally

- ❖ Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) has low % recovery, failed QCs – Re-extract the whole batch of samples
- ❖ Samples matrix cause % recovery of Internal Standard (IS) “Testosterone-d3” failed below 50% recovery acceptance limit
- ❖ Request for Re-sample to confirm the sample matrix