



Measuring Naphthalene for a Vapor Intrusion Study: Two Methods at a Former Wood Treating Site

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U.S. EPA Region 5

July 16, 2015

for

National Environmental Monitoring Conference

Chicago, IL



Disclaimer

Information in this report is derived from a variety of references, some of which have been peer-reviewed. Mention of trade names or commercial products or firms does not constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.

The views expressed are those of the author/editor/speaker only and do not necessarily represent those of the United States or the US EPA.

Naphthalene by TO-15 at EPA Chicago Regional Laboratory at the time of this investigation was not fully validated. The results herein are an ancillary study.




Superfund NPL Site



Site

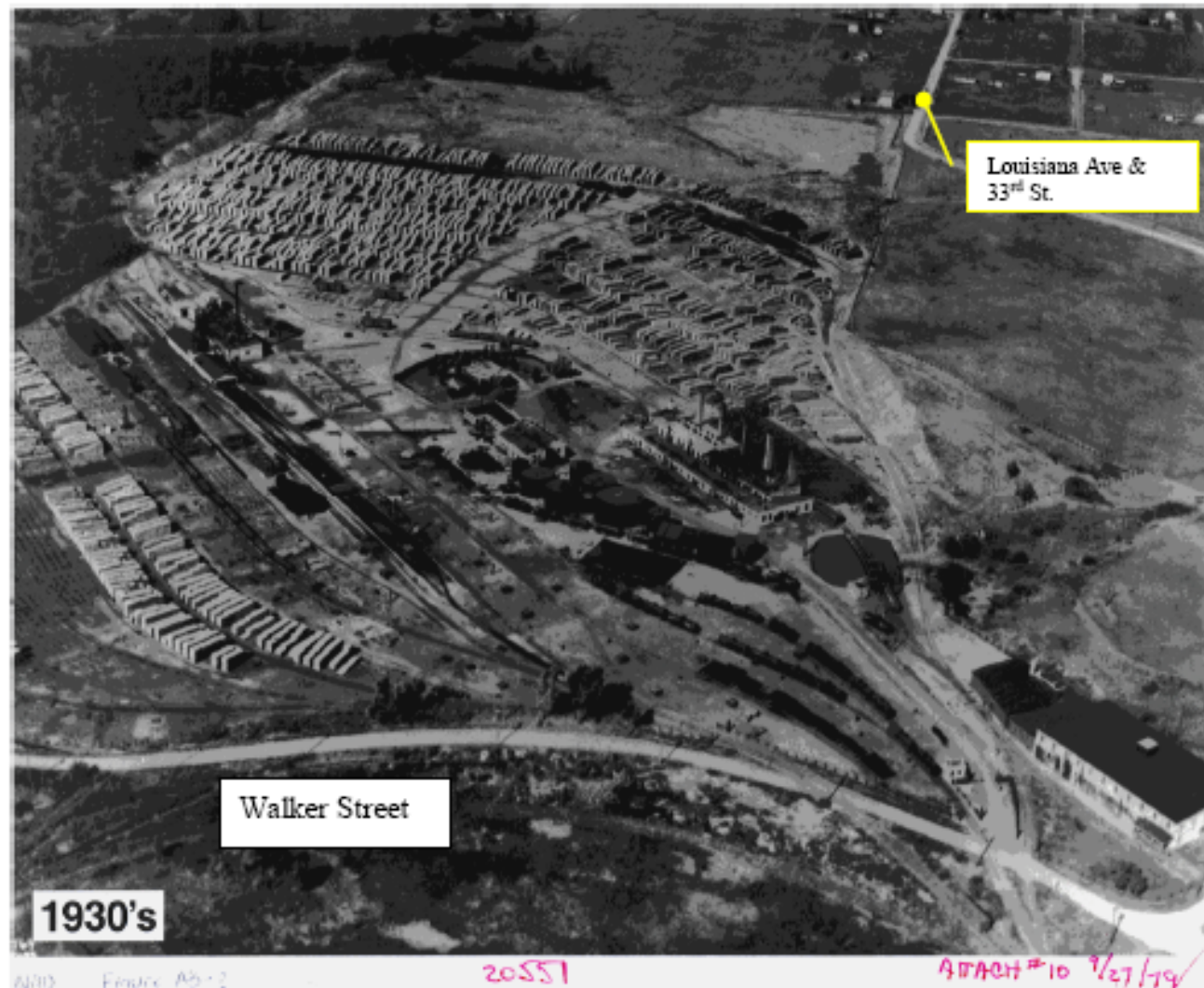
Created by Sarah Backhouse
U.S. EPA Region 5 on 9/22/06
Image Date: 2003

Legend

 Reilly Tar and Chemical Corp.

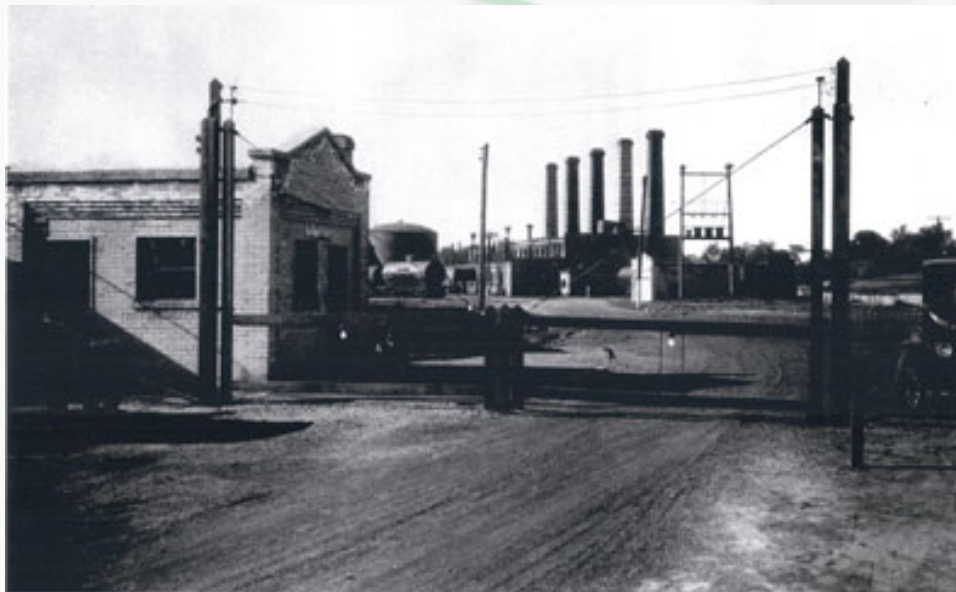


1930's Aerial Photo of Reilly site, St. Louis Park, MN.



Republic Creosoting Inc.

www.stlouispark.org



Workers at Republic Creosoting's wood treatment plant in Saint Louis Park Minnesota. Photo from the 1940's

<http://www.slphistory.org/creosote.asp>

2006 Aerial Photo, Reilly Site at Louisiana Ave & Hwy 7, St. Louis Park, MN.



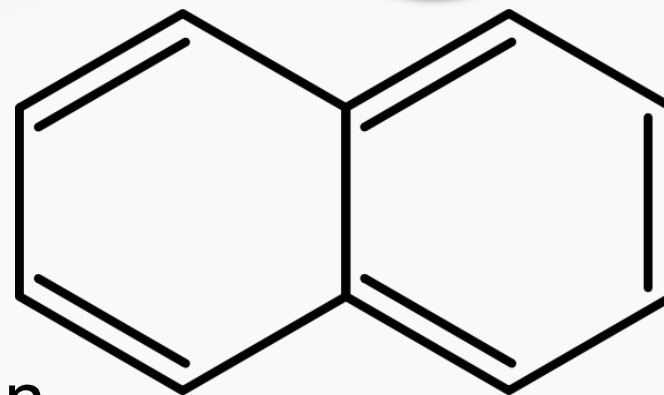
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PRO
US EPA



Naphthalene



- $C_{10}H_8$
- Possible human carcinogen
- Coal tar waste (wood treater, MGP sites)
- B.P. 218°C, Low volatility
- RSL 0.083 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (June 2015, 1.0E-6 risk)
- Study VOCs = BTEX

TO-17 VI ^a	Acenaphthene
TO-17 VI	Fluorene
TO-17 VI	2-methylnaphthalene
TO-17 VI	Naphthalene
TO-17 VI	Pyrene



Project Application	TO-15 for VOCs	TO-17 for PAHs
Flow rate	0.69 and 1.88 mL/min	(20 and) 200 mL/min
Collection	Passive, 1440 min	Active, 10 min
Field equipment	Regulator and can/bottle	Perkin Elmer SVI™ multi-bed tube
Lab equipment GC/MS	HP 7890/5975	Agilent 6890/5973
Hold times	30 days, ambient	30 days, 4°C
Sample train	Ambient injection + cold trap dehydration (heated desorb, cold focus, ambient injection)	Thermal desorb + cold trap dehydration (heated desorb, cold focus, ambient injection)
Commercial cost per	\$135 + \$70/\$500	\$130 + \$30 tube
Reporting limit	0.13-2.69 µg/m ³	0.1 µg/m ³



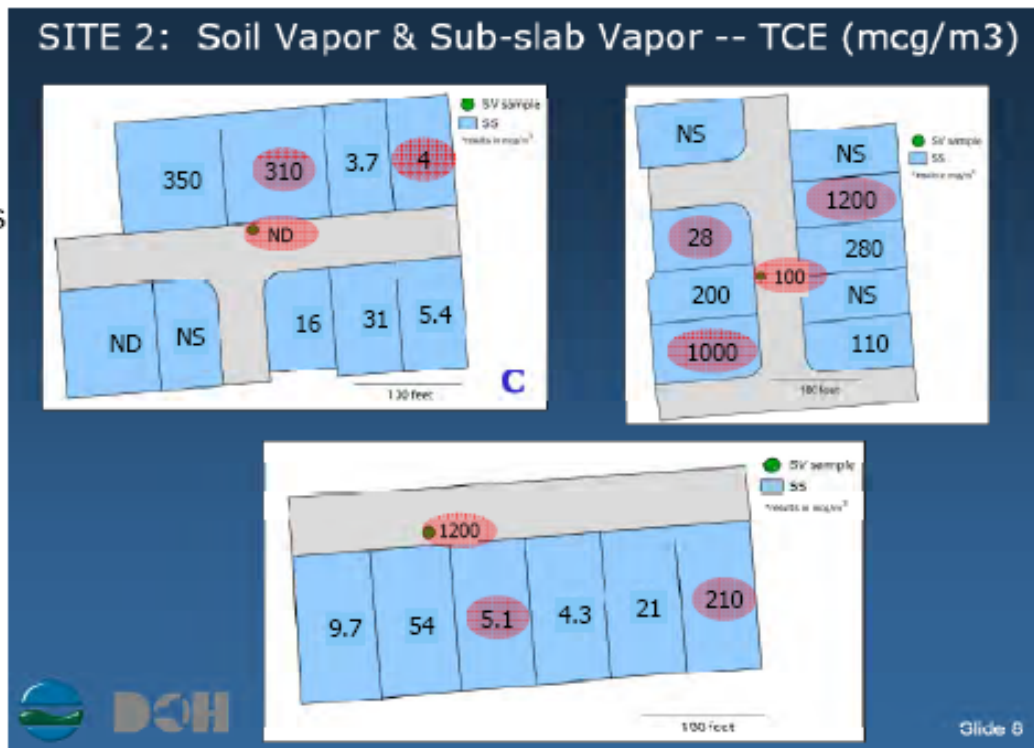
+ / -

- TO-15 (possible carryover, stability, standards, single can) (Hayes and Benton, 2007)
- TO-17 (recommended, double tubes) (DTSC 2012)



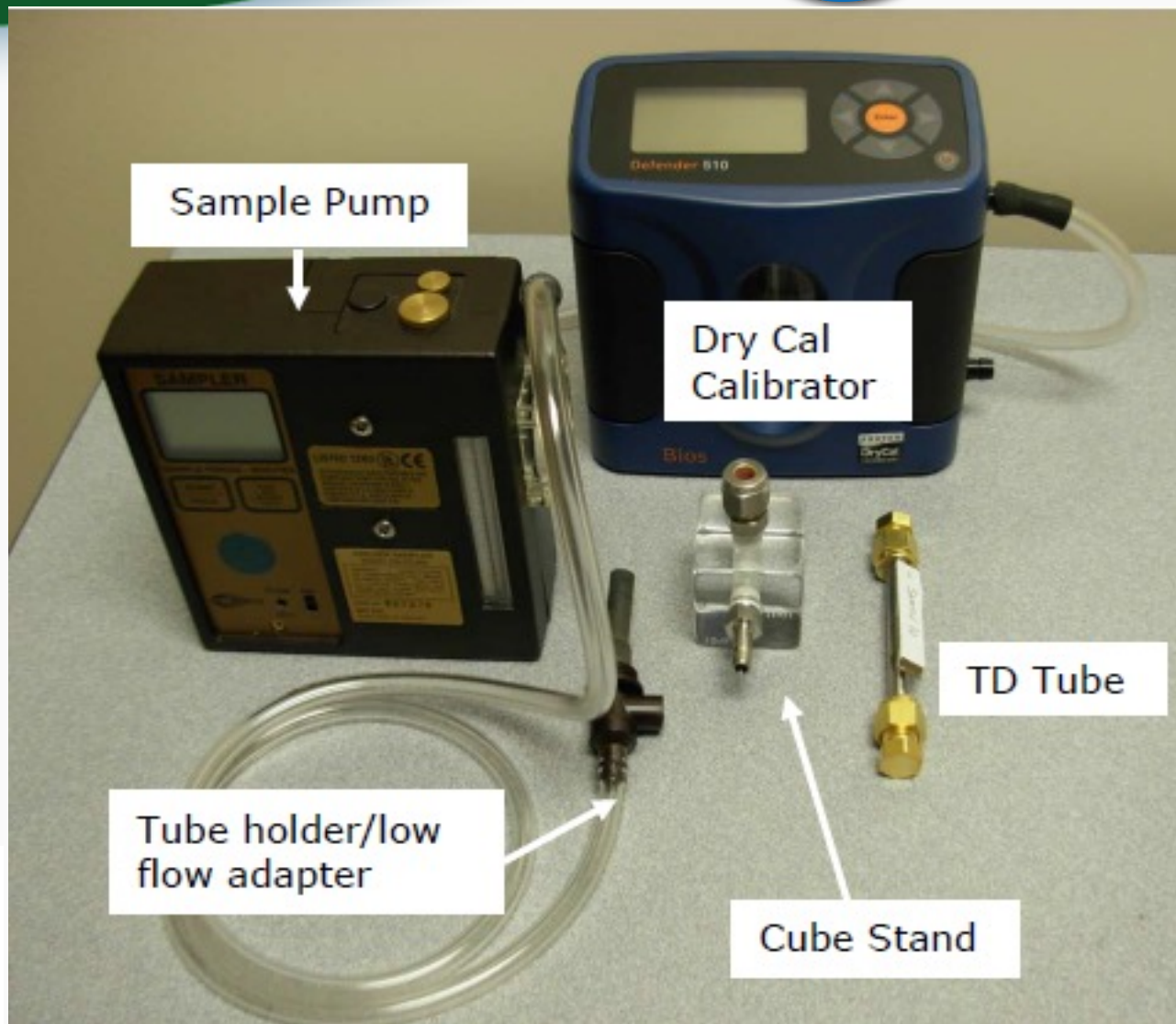
Subsurface Spatial Variability

- Sampled **residential** buildings
- Basements; SV = soil vapor (~8 ft bgs)
- SS = sub-slab





TO-17 Field Equipment



TO-17 Field Equipment

Sample Collection Configuration



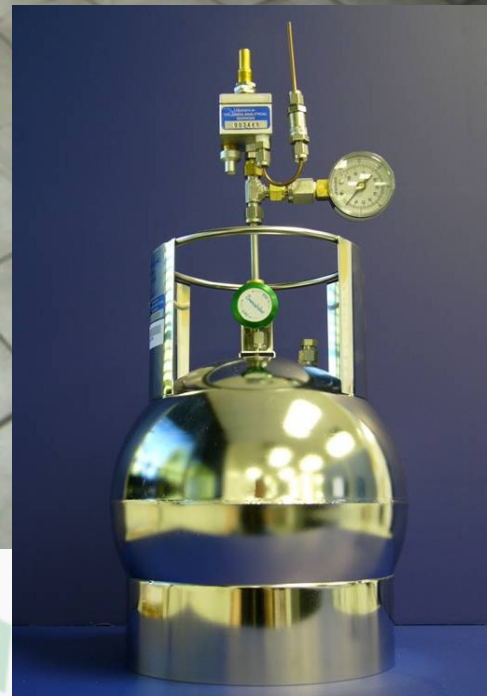


Thermal desorption tubes, TO-17 sample method for PAHs





Residential SS sampling using sampling probe and SUMMA canister



Step 1- Sub-Slab Sampling

Canister for TO-15 sample method for VOCs



TO-15 and TO-17 sample methods side by side

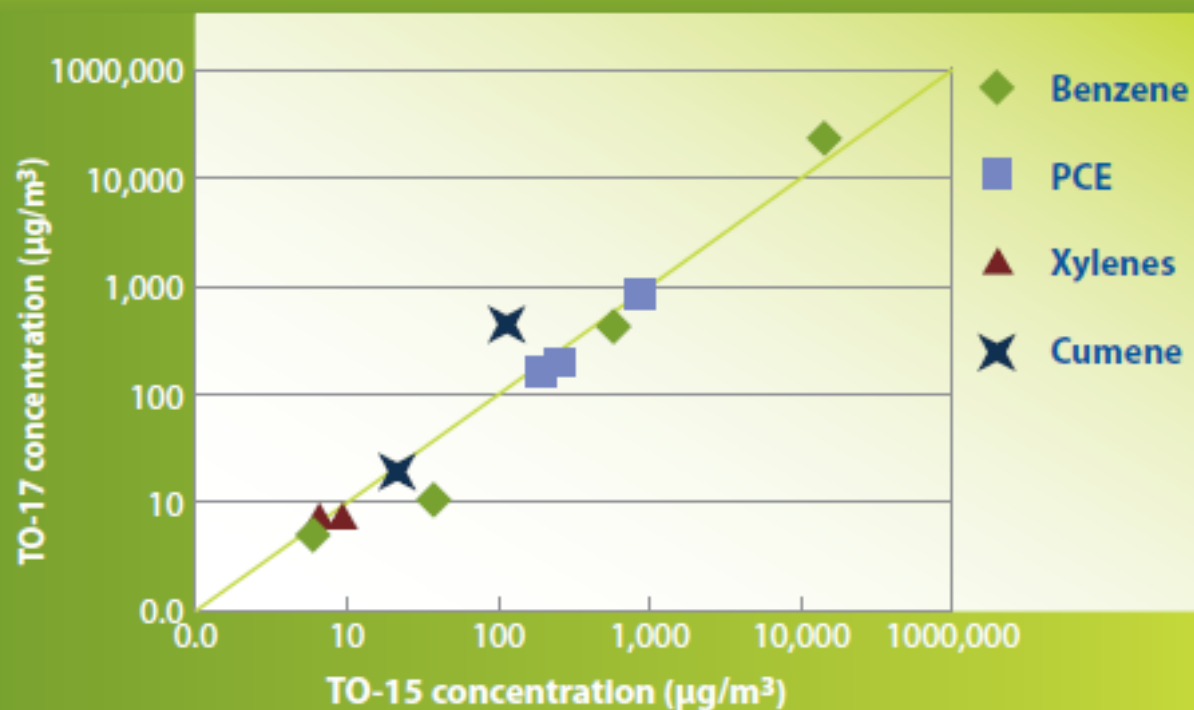
Gas chromatograph / Mass spectrometer



Example instrument used to analyze samples (GC/MS)



Benzene TO17 vs. TO15 Soil Gas Comparability Study



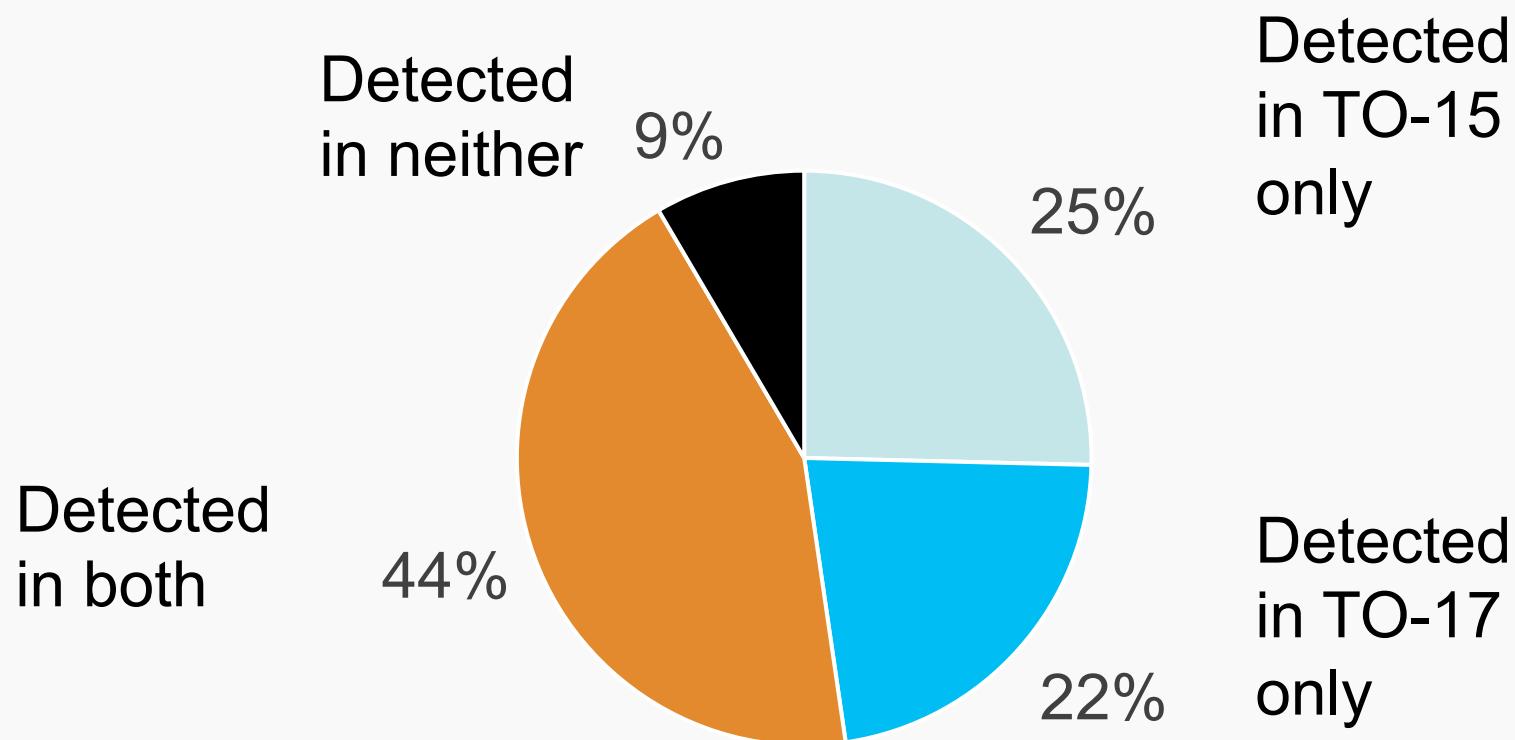
One for one comparability
to TO-15 over a wide range
of concentrations

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Results Overview



n=130

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Results Overview

- 27 locations, 3 rounds of sampling

Average Ratio (TO-15 : TO-17) n=96	2.52
Percent of paired samples where TO-15 concentration > TO-17 concentration, n=96	50%
Percent of paired samples where TO-15 concentration < TO-17 concentration, n=96	50%



Results Overview

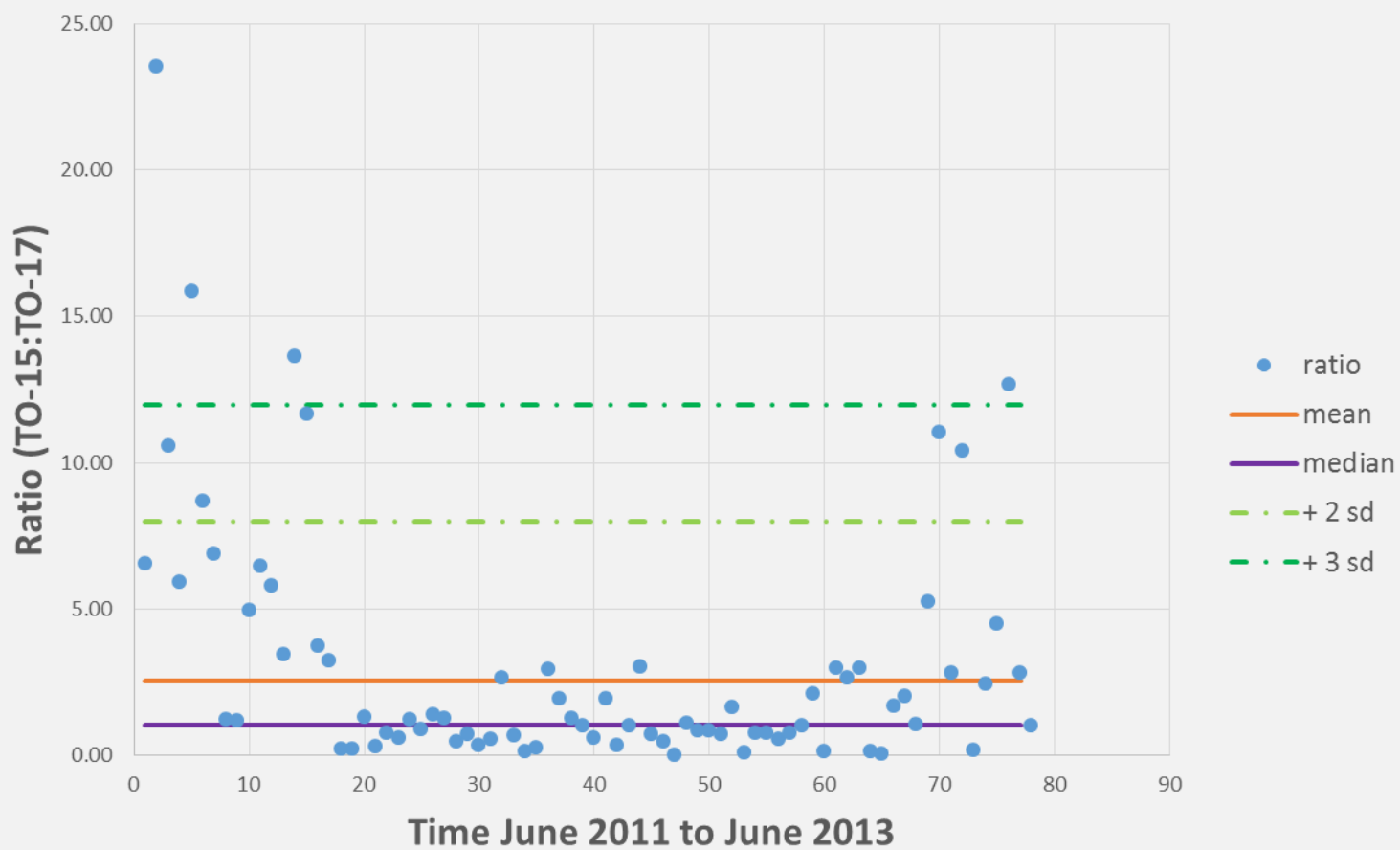
Mean, Non-Zero Relative Percent Differences

Sampling	Sub-Slab	Indoor Air
Round 1	133%	NA
Round 2	58%	20%
Round 3	100%	28%

n=56

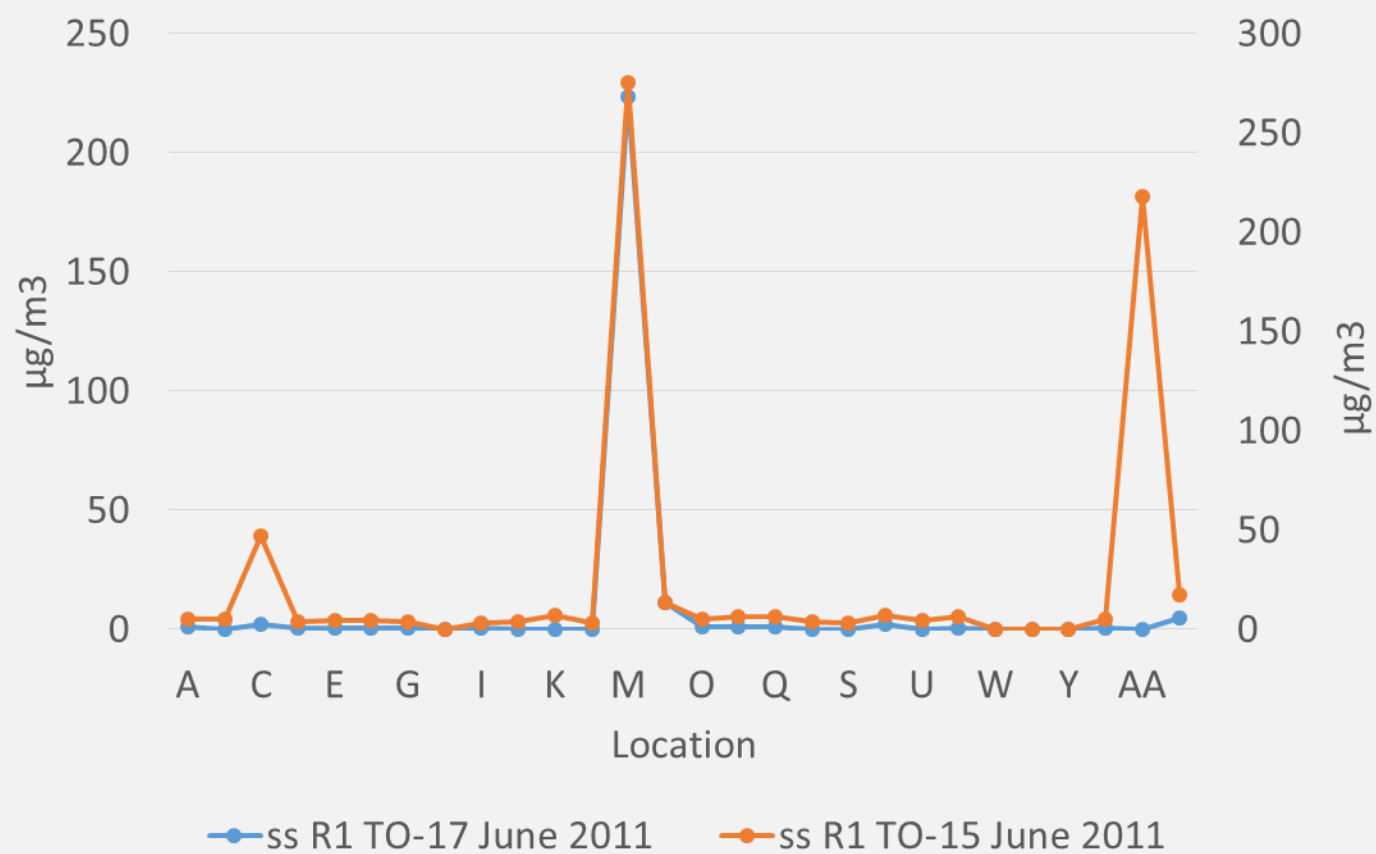


TO-15:TO-17 Ratio vs. Time for Naphthalene



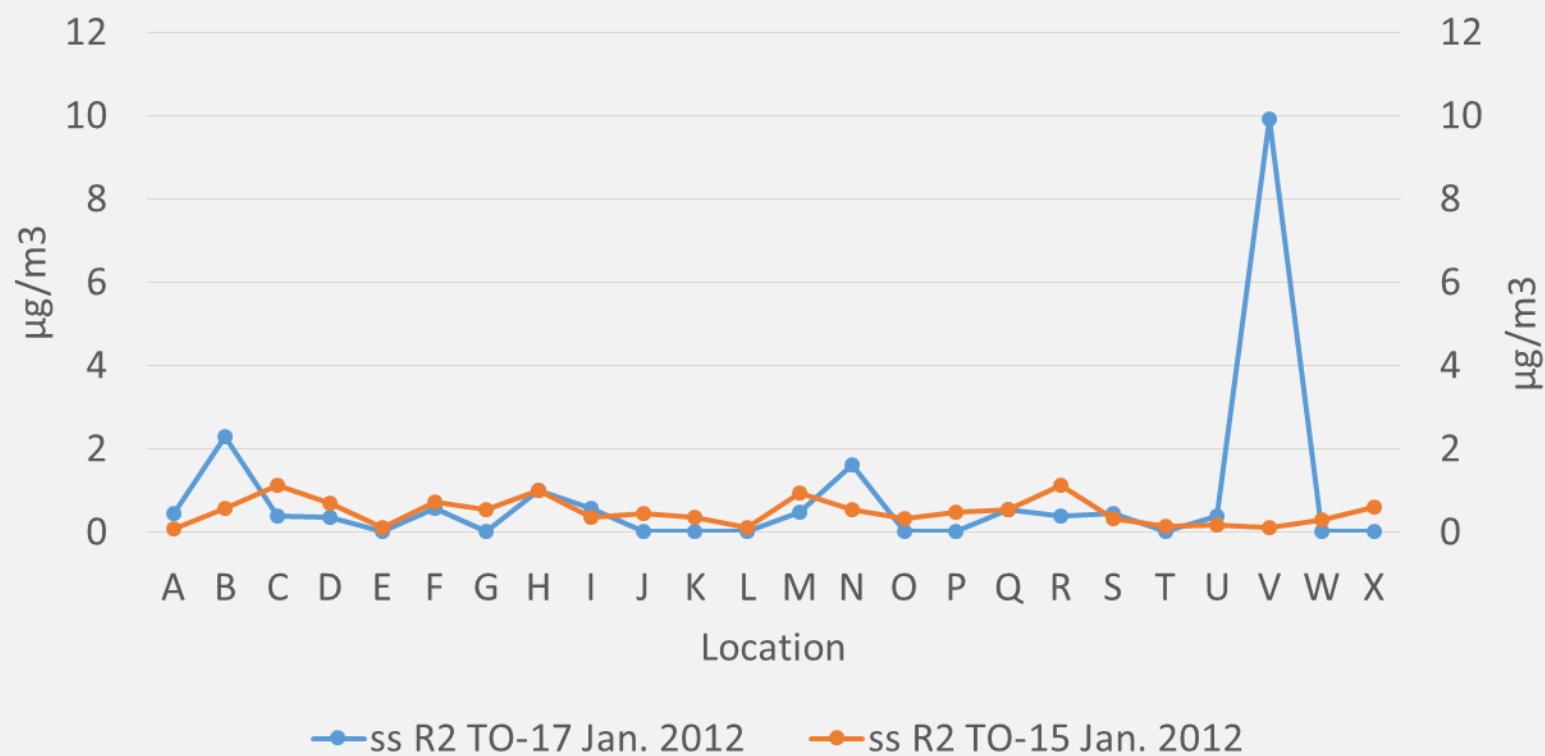


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Soil Gas Round 1 Sampling



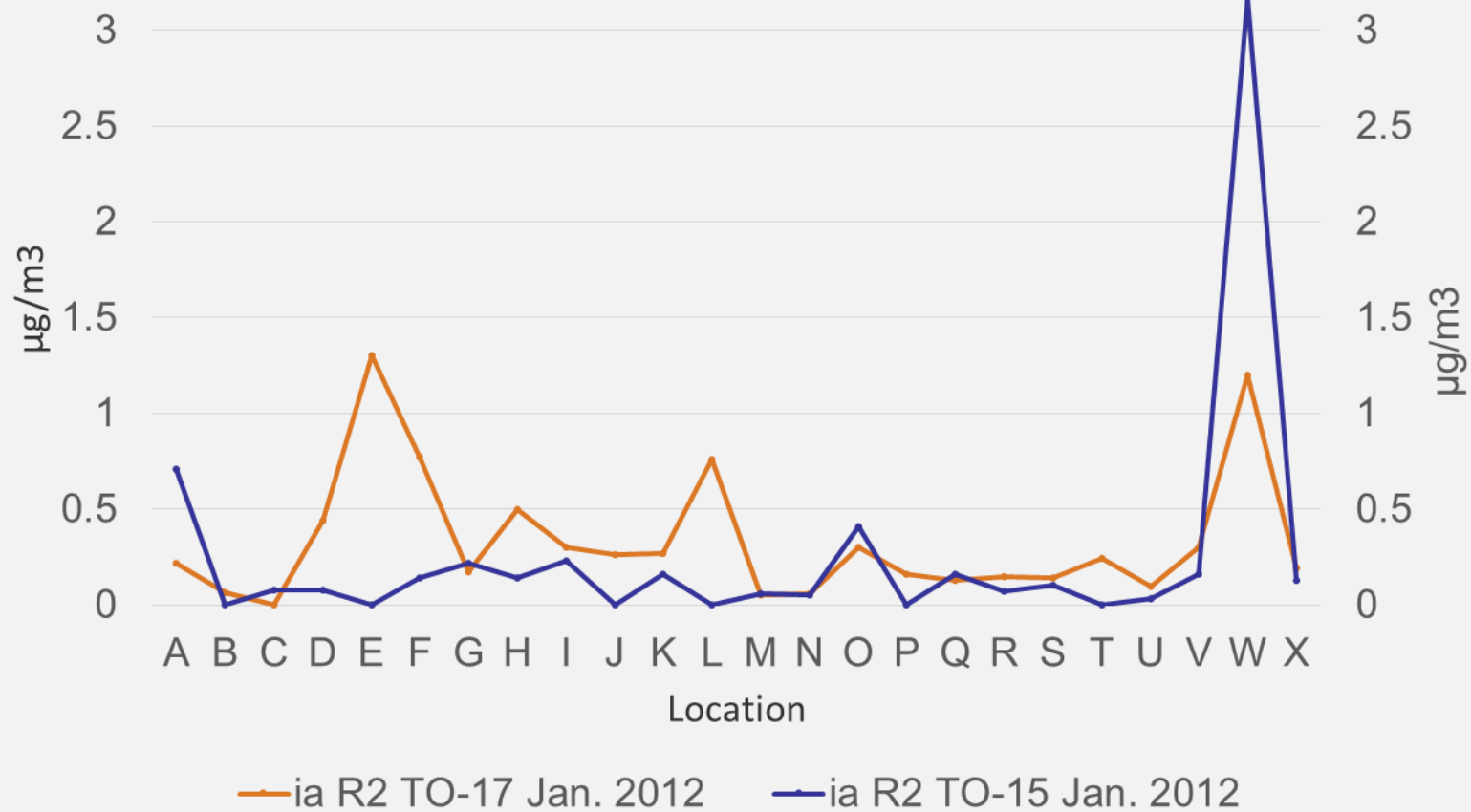


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Soil Gas Round 2 Sampling



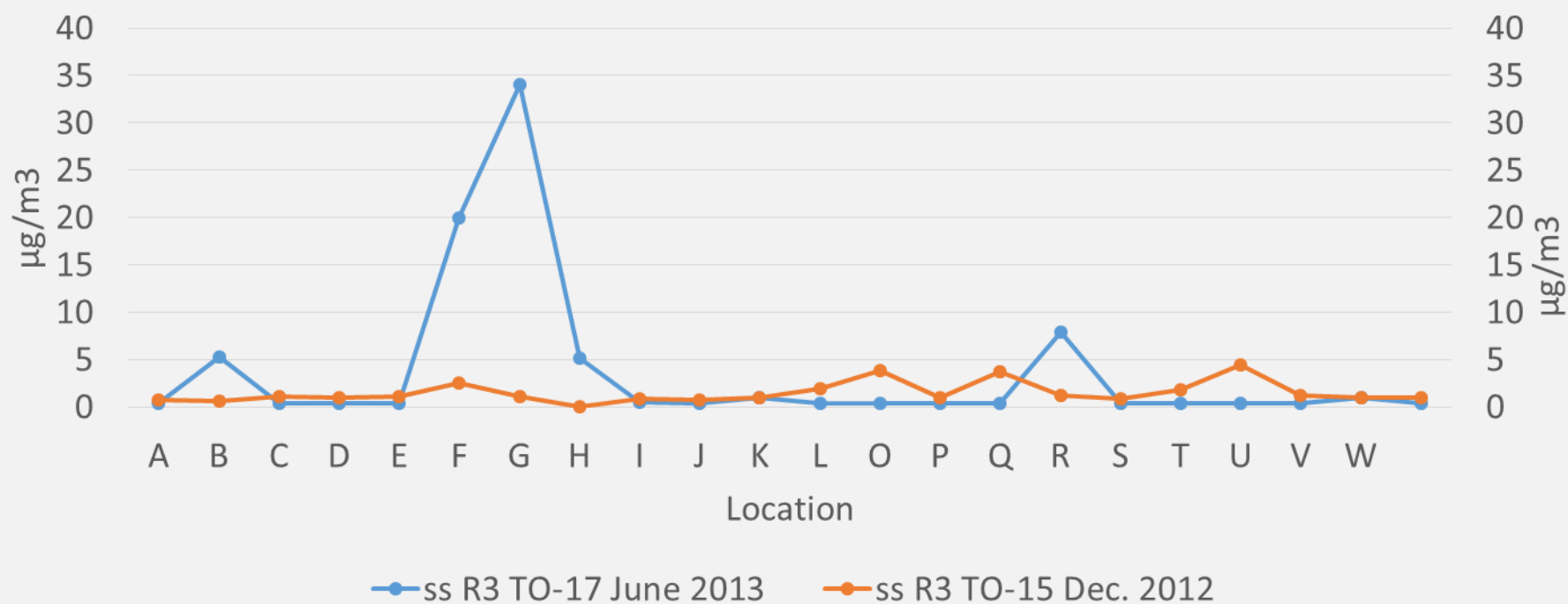


Naphthalene in Indoor Air Round 2 Sampling



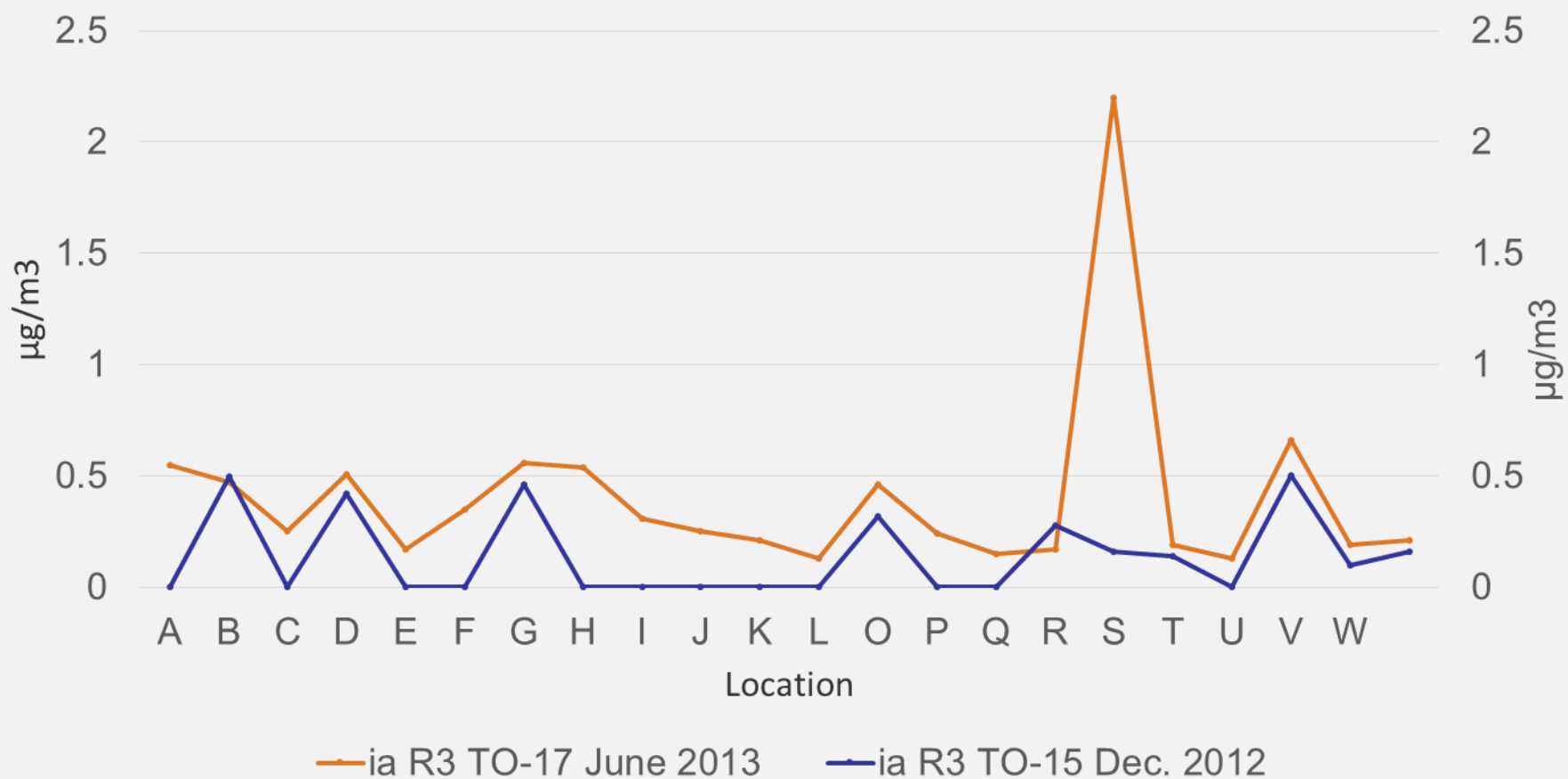


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Soil Gas Round 3 Sampling



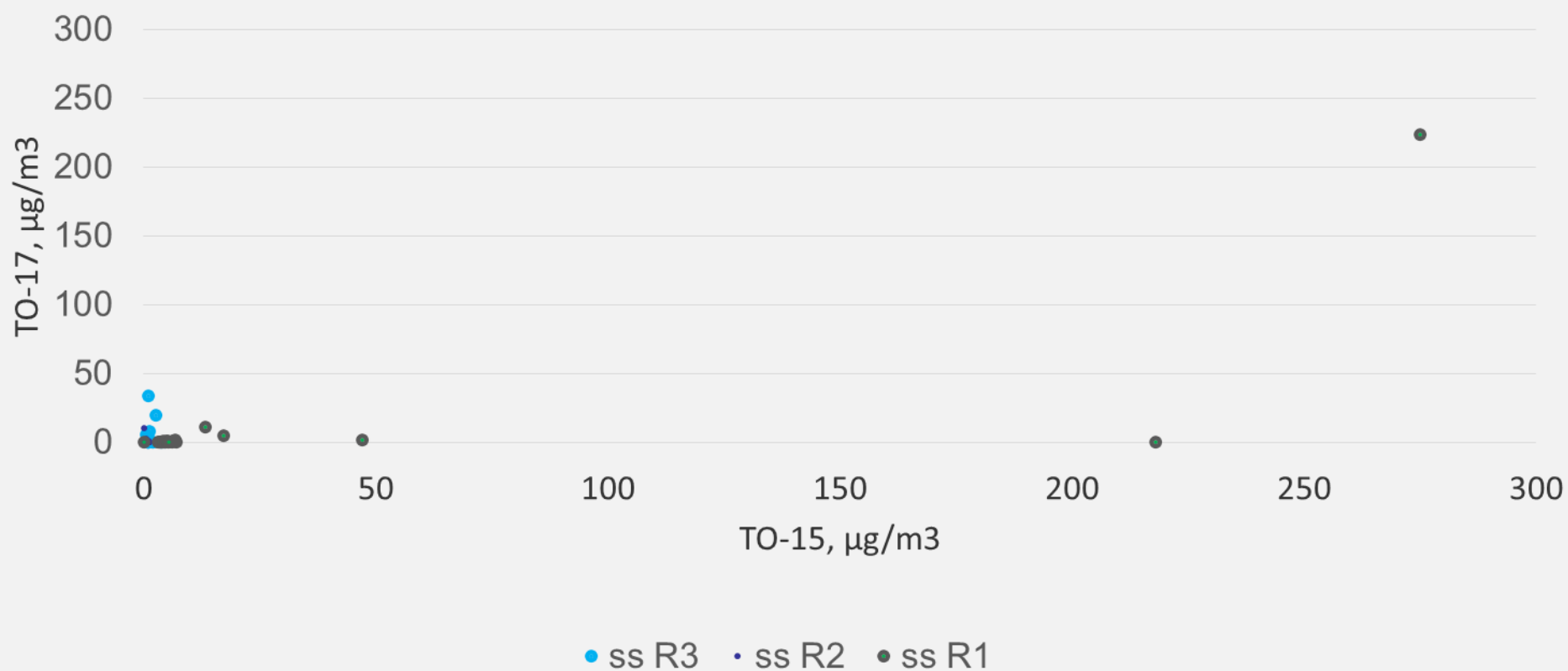


Naphthalene in Indoor Air Round 3 Sampling



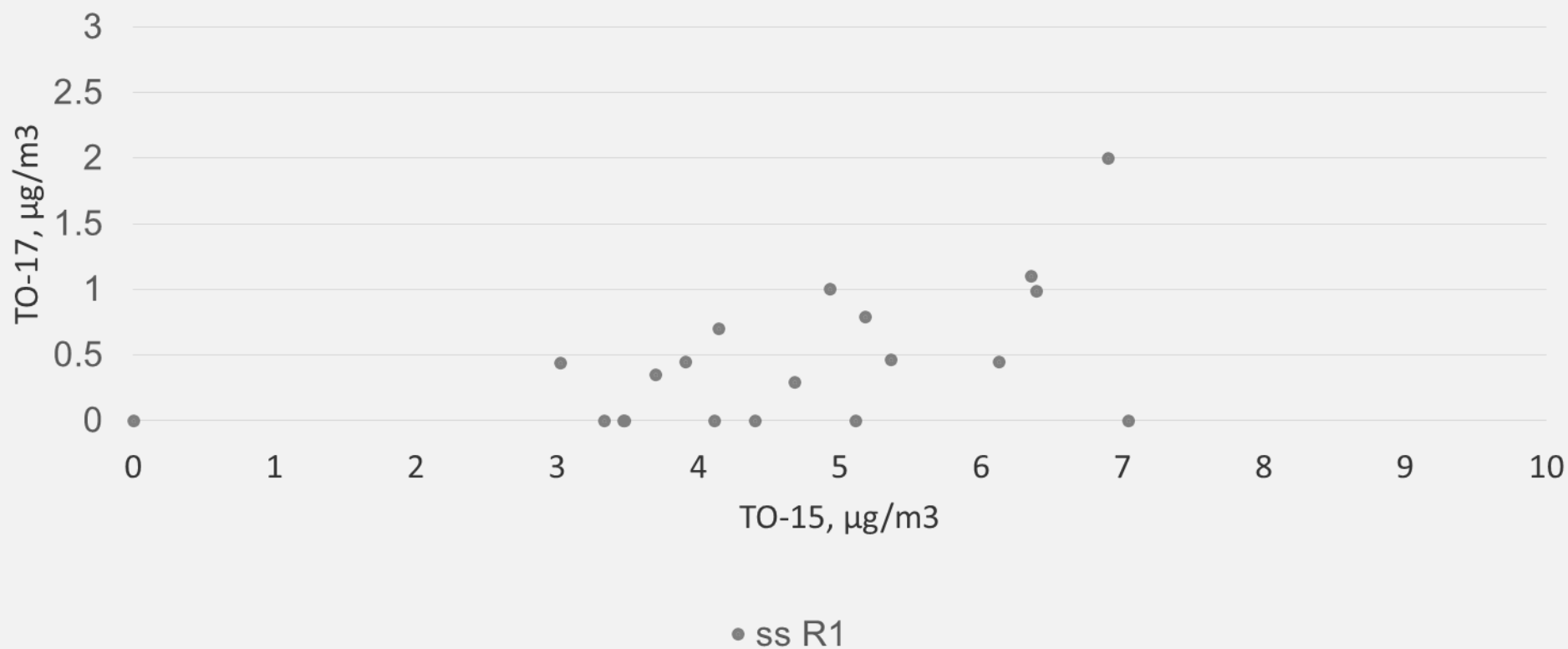


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Sampling



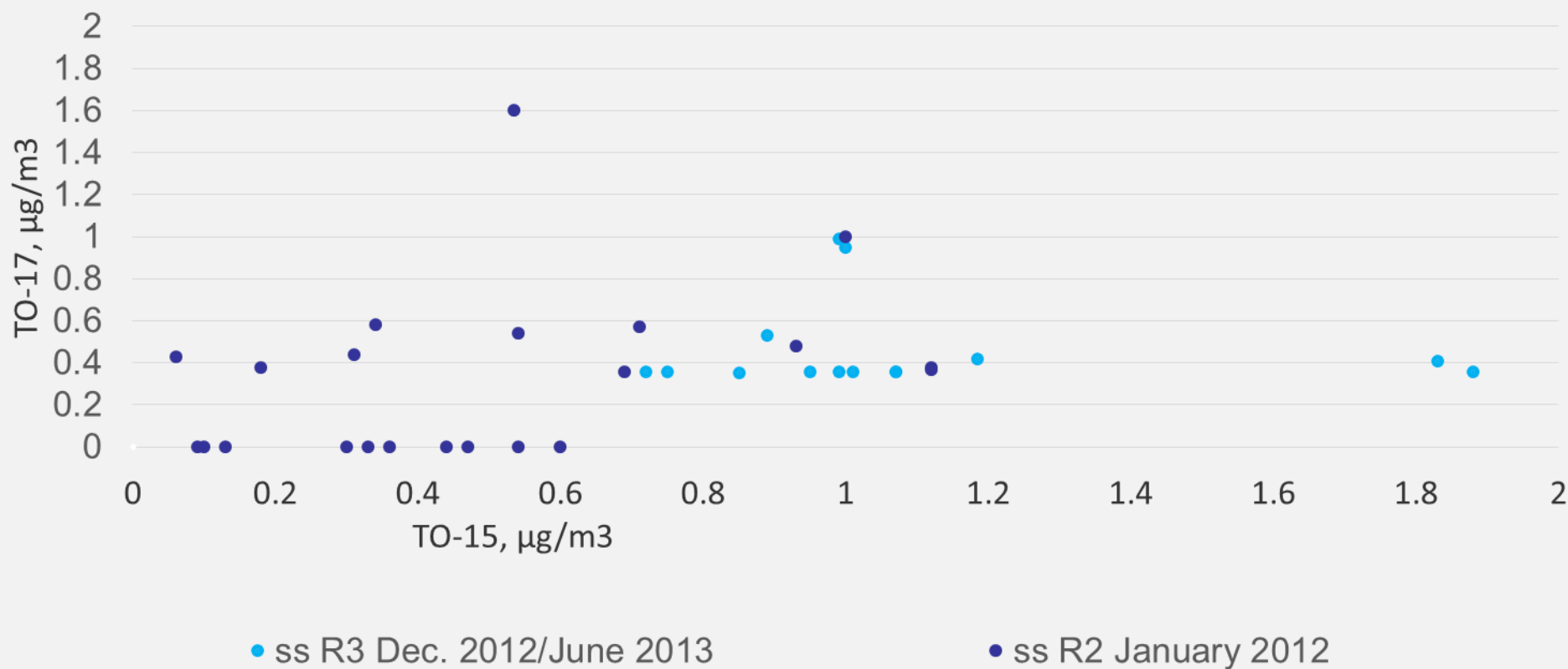


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Sampling Round 1



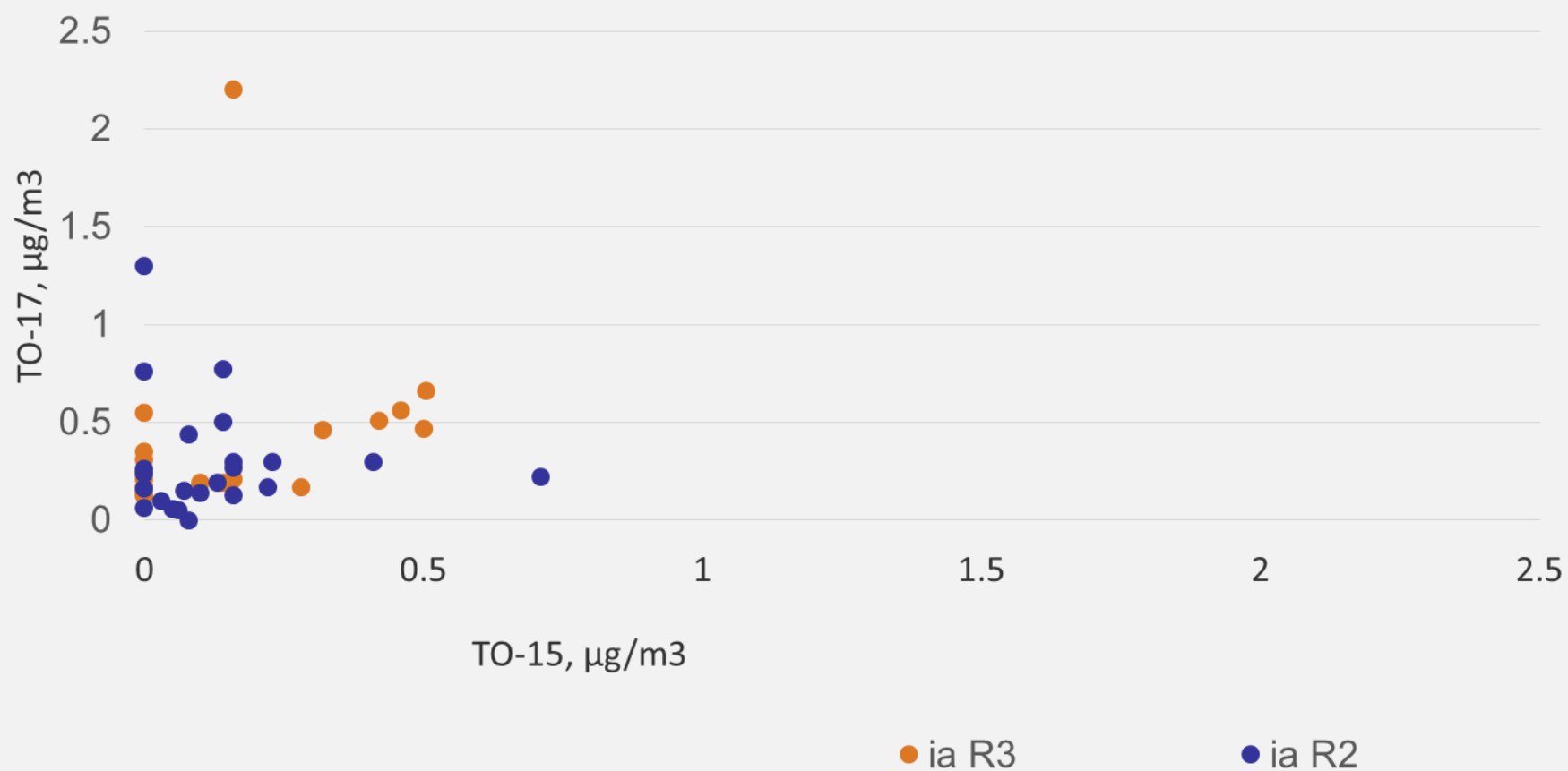


Naphthalene in Sub-Slab Sampling Rounds 2, 3



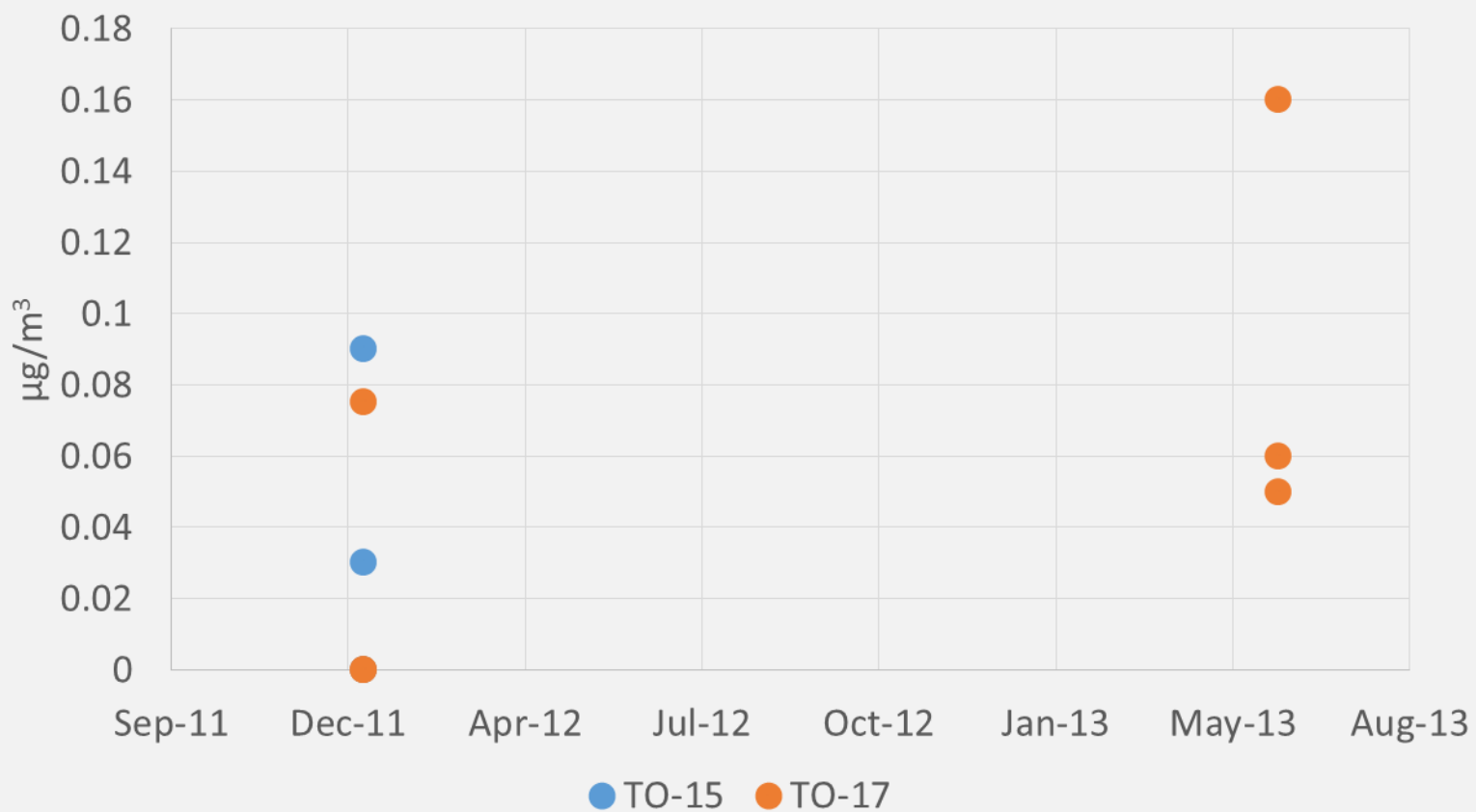


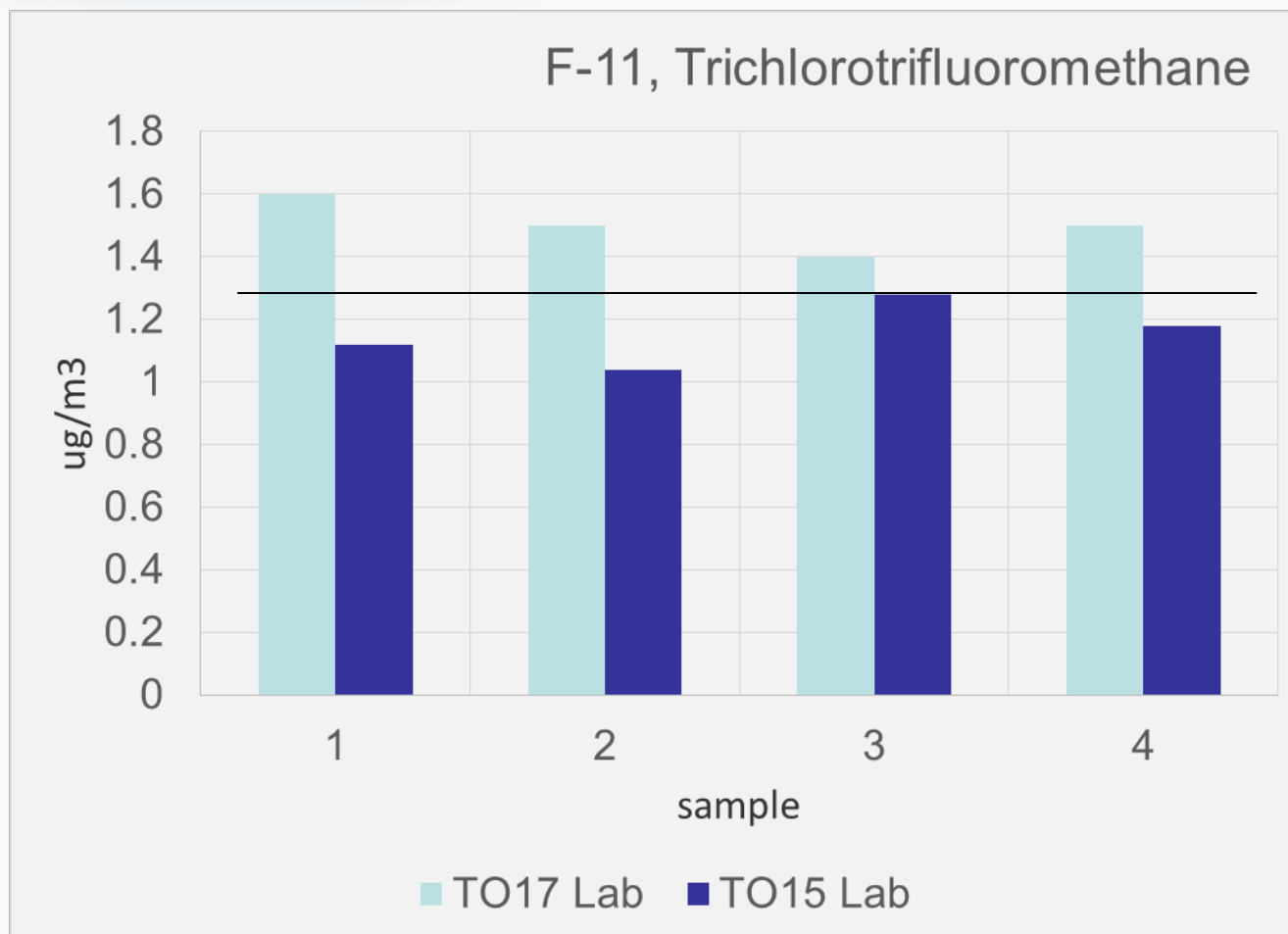
Naphthalene in Indoor Air Sampling





Naphthalene in Outdoor Air





NOAA
(2015)



Summary

- **Naphthalene by TO-15 appears to yield higher results quantitatively**, but this is uncertain because half the results were higher, half lower in this data set.
- Results from each method **generally track one another qualitatively**.
- **No discernable comparative trends** apparent, best matches in R1 SS and R2 IA. More **sub-slab variability**.
- This is a **study within a study** (analyte validation, sampling program variations).



Acknowledgements

- EPA Region 5
 - Chicago Regional Lab (Matt Kobus, Wayne Whipple, George Schupp, Amanda Wroble)
 - Superfund Division (Keith Fusinski, Don Bruce, Tom Short, Sonia Vega, Leah Evison)
 - Office of Regional Counsel (Tom Nash)
- CH2M Hill (Renee Hunt, Jim Mallison, Loren Lund, Ike Johnson)
- Eurofins Air Toxics
- Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (Dave Scheer, Nile Fellows)

Thank You!



Community Outreach Video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LSA6FFUsvv0>

Questions?

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