

## Make It Tough: A qPCR MasterMix Comparative Study

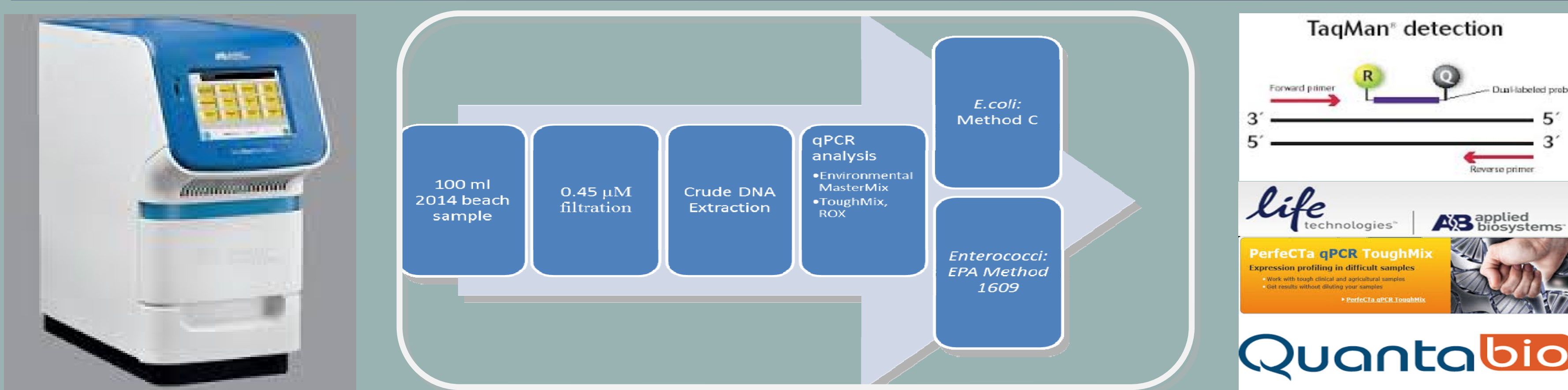
### Introduction

The water quality of bathing beaches in Northeast Ohio is determined by the microbial concentration typically, the concentration of *E. coli* and/or *Enterococci*. The standard methods used to analyze for FIBs (fecal indicator bacteria) take 24 hours to obtain results. The use of rapid methods allows for real time results within 3-4 hours. Since 2007, Analytical Services has been testing various real-time quantitative polymerase chain-reaction (qPCR) chemistries to discover an assay which will closely correlate to the standard culture based methods, reduce environmental inhibitory effects, and ensure accuracy for predictive model impact.

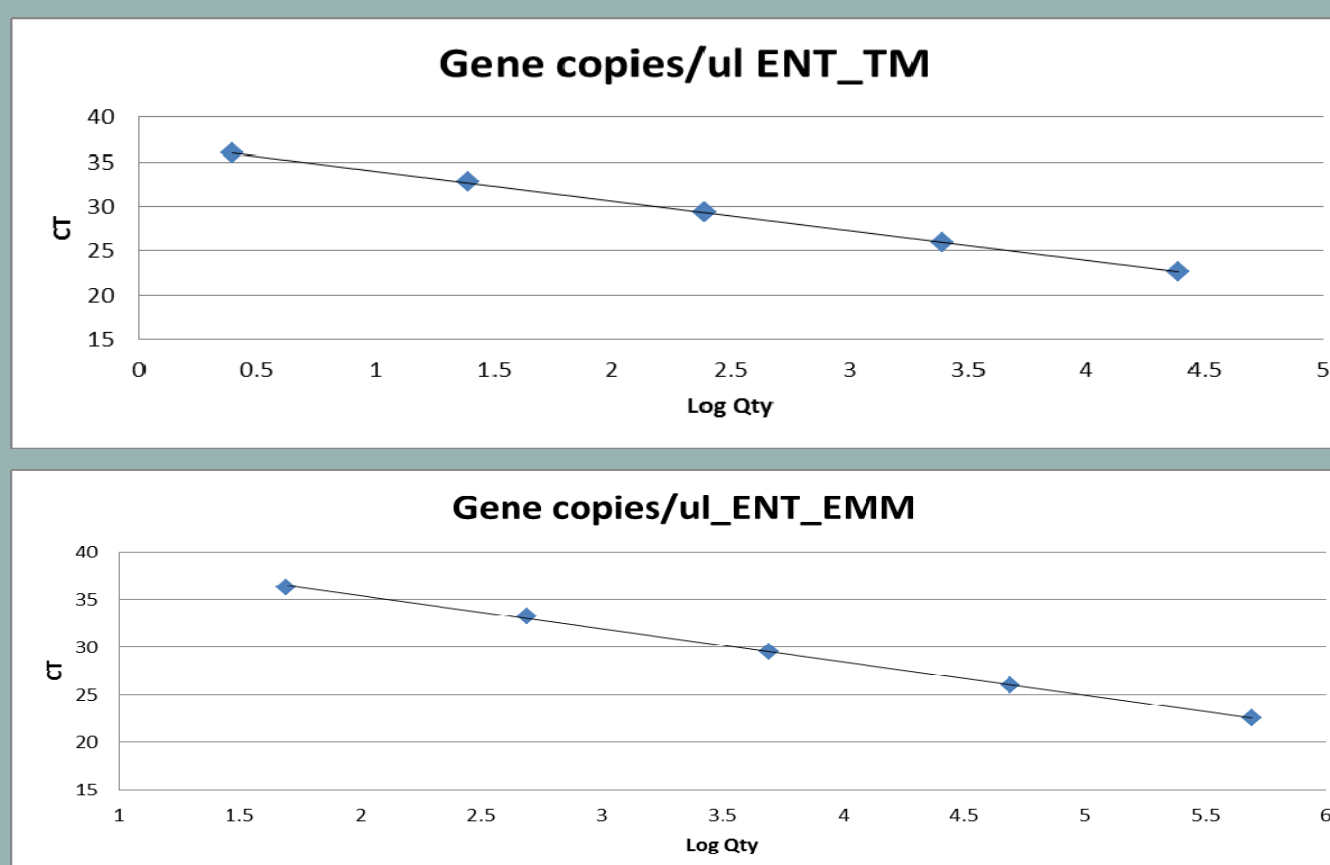
The use of qPCR methodology has become a critical component of the beach monitoring program at the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District (NEORS). The results from the qPCR analysis have been used as a stand-alone predictor as well as a variable in predictive modeling, to determine the water quality of bathing beaches for public notification. Since timely public notification is of paramount importance, qPCR provides faster results so the public can make informed decisions about whether to refrain from recreational beach use based on data from that day and not the previous day results obtain from standard culture based methods.



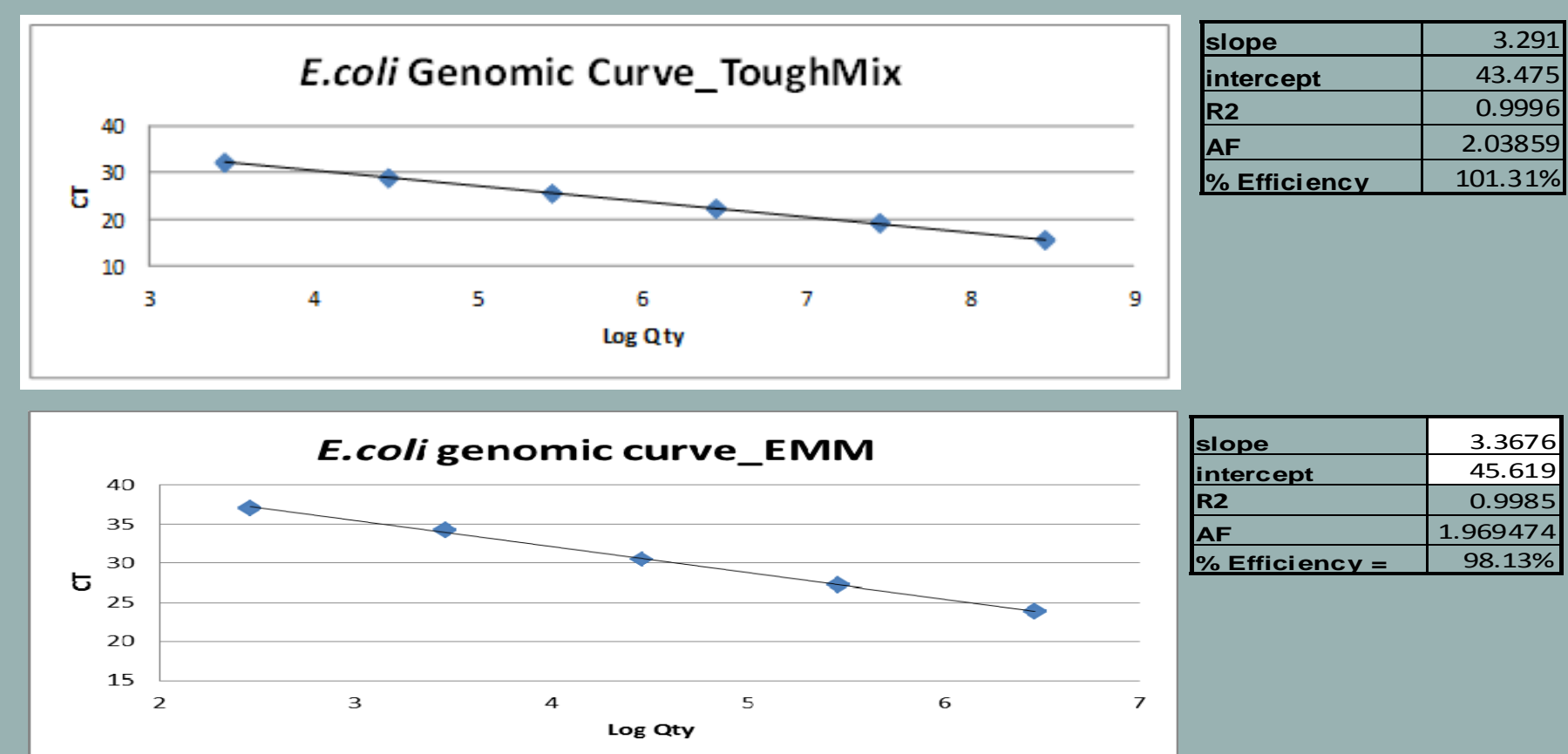
### Method/Process



#### Enterococci calibration curves



#### E. coli calibration curves



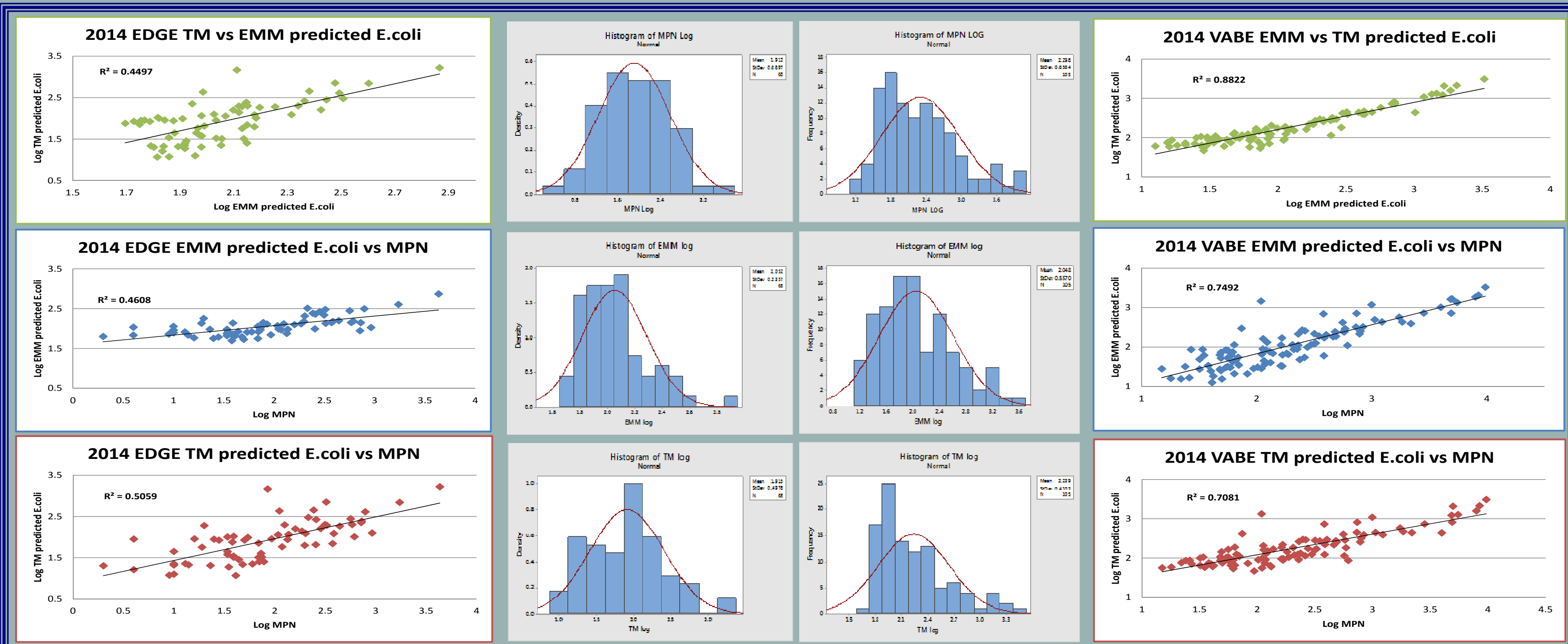
#### Enterococci Quality Control Data

Beach	Assay	# sketa inhibited	# IAC inhibited	# (+) PBS BLK	# (+) NTC
EDGE	ToughMix	19/121	0/121	1/7	0/7
EDGE	EMM	22/121	0/121	3/6	0/6
VABE	ToughMix	5/120	1/120	1/7	0/7
VABE	EMM	6/120	0/120	2/6	1/6

#### E. coli Quality Control Data

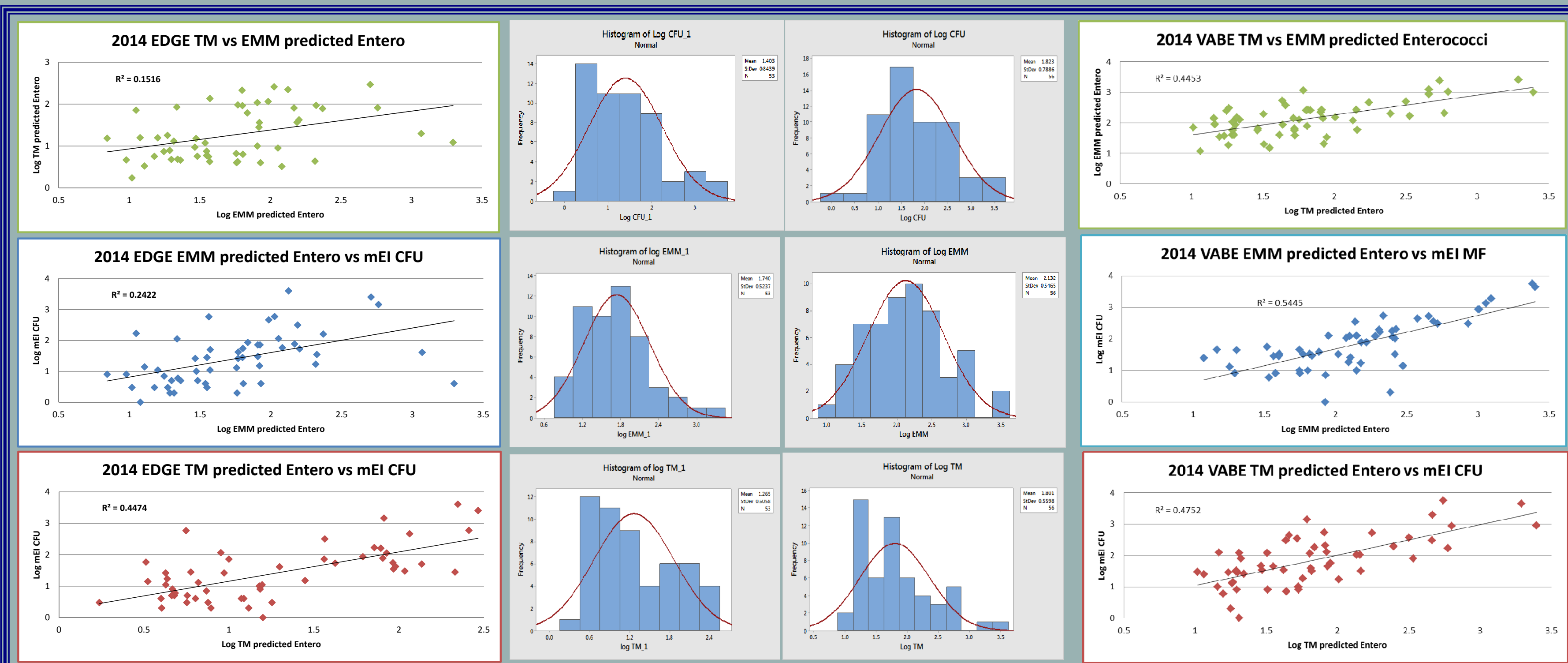
Beach	Assay	# sketa inhibited	# IAC inhibited	# (+) PBS BLK	# (+) NTC
EDGE	ToughMix	2/120	0/120	2/6	2/6
EDGE	EMM	10/120	1/120	4/6	4/6
VABE	ToughMix	0/120	0/120	1/6	0/6
VABE	EMM	0/120	0/120	5/6	2/6

### E. coli Method Comparison Edgewater and Villa Angela Beaches



#### E. coli Results

### Enterococci Method Comparison Edgewater and Villa Angela Beaches



#### Enterococci Results

Villa Angela Beach E. coli Environmental MasterMix Assay					
Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 36 per 1000 primary contact recreators: BAV					
Standard Curve			Predictive Model (CCE)		
Total # Samples	120	Accuracy 88%	Specificity 96%	Total # Samples	120
# >70	42	Sensitivity 73%		# >70	30
# <70	78	CNE False + CE False		# <70	90
Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 32 per 1000 primary contact recreators: BAV					
Standard Curve			Predictive Model (CCE)		
Total # Samples	120	Accuracy 85%	Specificity 95%	Total # Samples	120
# >190	47	Sensitivity 70%		# >190	12
# <190	73	CNE False + CE False		# <190	108

### Conclusion and Summary

This comparison was done to identify a qPCR assay that correlated with the culture based reference methods, reduced inhibition in the sample matrices, had minimal residual *E. coli* contaminants in the mix, and could be used for multiple fecal indicating bacteria. The assays tested were the Environmental MasterMix and ToughMix, ROX.

The results of the comparison study indicated that ToughMix had a reduction the number of controls with elevated Ct value, as well as a reduction in the number of samples showing inhibition.

Both assays had comparable results when statistically analyzed against samples from two different beaches, and two separate organisms. The results for the ToughMix were highly correlated with and not significantly different from the culture based methods.

Based on the results of this study NEORS has decided to utilize the ToughMix ROX assay for qPCR analysis of both *Enterococci* and *E. coli* for samples collected at recreational beaches monitored by the NEORS.

E. coli Assay Comparison				
Beach	comparison	Pearson Correlation	R <sup>2</sup>	P-value
Edgewater	EMM vs TM	0.6705809	0.4497	0.0042
Edgewater	EMM vs MPN	0.6788587	0.4608	0.0360
Edgewater	TM vs MPN	0.7112917	0.5059	0.9663
Villa Angela	EMM vs TM	0.939279	0.8822	2.919E-14
Villa Angela	EMM vs MPN	0.865581	0.7492	5.650E-12
Villa Angela	TM vs MPN	0.841500	0.7081	0.1193

Enterococci Assay Comparison				
Beach	Comparison	Pearson Correlation	R <sup>2</sup>	P-value
Edgewater	EMM vs TM	0.3894003	0.1516	0.000001
Edgewater	EMM vs CFU	0.4921501	0.2422	0.0017
Edgewater	TM vs CFU	0.6688534	0.4474	0.1181
Villa Angela	EMM vs TM	0.6672808	0.4453	0.000001
Villa Angela	EMM vs CFU	0.7378979	0.5445	0.000062
Villa Angela	TM vs CFU	0.6893558	0.4752	0.777620

\*EMM = Environmental MasterMix, TM = ToughMix, MPN = Most probable Number

Villa Angela Beach Enterococci Environmental MasterMix Assay					
Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 36 per 1000 primary contact recreators: BAV					
Standard Curve			Predictive Model (CCE)		
Total # Samples	58	Accuracy 85%	Specificity 97%	Total # Samples	58
# >70	27	Sensitivity 100%		# >70	20
# <70	31	CNE False + CE False		# <70	38
Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 36 per 1000 primary contact recreators: BAV					
Standard Curve			Predictive Model (CCE)		
Total # Samples	58	Accuracy 76%	Specificity 55%	Total # Samples	58
# >60	27	Sensitivity 100%		# >60	14
# <60	31	CNE False + CE False		# <60	44

